### **VCCB**

## PERSONALIZED SAFETY PLAN FOR DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

### **Adapted From:**

Barbara Hart and Jane Stuehling. (1992). Pennsylvania Coalition Against Domestic Violence. Reprinted with permission from the *Washington State Domestic Violence Team Training Manual*, sponsored by the Washington State Criminal Justice Training Commission, produced by the Washington State Coalition Against Domestic Violence. Lacey, WA (360) 407-0756.

	Name:
	<b>Date:</b>
	Review Dates:
or the possibility of further violence. Al	or increasing my safety and preparing in advance though I do not have control over my partner's o respond to him/her and how to best get myself
afety during a violent incident. Women rder to increase safety, battered women	en cannot always avoid violent incidents. In may use a variety of strategies.
can use some or all of the following str	ategies:
out safely. What doors, windows, ele I can keep my purse and car keys rea order to leave quickly.	evators, stairwells or fire escapes would you use?  ady and put them (place) in  out the violence and request they call the police if
they hear suspicious noises coming f	rom my home.
I can also tell	about the violence and request they
call the police if they hear suspicious	
I can teach my children how to use the department.	ne telephone to contact the police and the fire
I will useso they can call for help.	as my code word with my children or my friends
f I have to leave my home, I will go to	)
(Decide this even if you do	n't think there will be a next time!)
f I cannot go to the location above, then	

I can also teach some of these strategies to some or all of my children.
When I expect we are going to have an argument, I will try to move to a space that is lowest risk, such as (Try to avoid arguments in the bathroom, garage, kitchen, near weapons or in rooms without access to an outside door.)
I will use my judgment and intuition. If the situation is very serious, I can give my partner what he/she wants to calm him/her down. I have to protect myself until I/we are out of danger.
<b>Safety when preparing to leave.</b> Battered women frequently leave the residence they share with the battering partner. Leaving must be done with a careful plan in order to increase safety. Batterers often strike back when they believe that a battered woman is leaving a relationship.
I can use some of all of the following safety strategies:
<ul> <li>I will leave money and an extra set of keys with so I can leave quickly.</li> <li>I will keep copies of important documents or keys at</li> <li>I will open a savings account by to increase my independence.</li> <li>Other things I can do to increase my independence include:</li> </ul>
The domestic violence program number is
I can seek shelter by calling this number.
I can keep change for phone calls on me at all times. I understand that if I use my telephone credit card, the following month the telephone bill will tell my batterer those numbers that I called after I left. To keep my telephone communications confidential, I must either use coins or I might get a friend to permit me to use their telephone credit card for a limited time when I first leave.
I will check with and to see who would be able to let me stay with them or lend me some money.
I can leave extra clothing with

I will sit down and review my safety plan everyplan the safest way to leave the residence.	in order to
plan the salest way to leave the residence.	
The following friend or domestic violence advocate has agreed to h plan:	nelp me review this
I will rehearse my escape plan and, as appropriate, practice it with a	my children.
<b>Safety in my own residence.</b> There are many things a woman can safety in her own home. It may be possible to do everything at once can be added step-by-step.	
Safety measures I can use include:	
<ul> <li>I can change the locks on my doors and windows as soon as pose.</li> <li>I can replace wooden doors with steel/metal doors.</li> <li>I can install security systems including additional locks, window against the doors, an electronic system, etc.</li> <li>I can purchase rope ladders to be used for escape from second for a local can install smoke detectors and purchase fire extinguishers for house or apartment.</li> <li>I can install an outside lighting system that lights up when a permy home.</li> <li>I will teach my children how to use the telephone to make a colonymous colonymous construction.</li> <li>I will tell people who take care of my children which specific perto pick up my children and that my partner is not permitted to dinform about pick-up permission include: (School)</li> </ul>	w bars, poles to wedge floor windows. The each floor in my reson is coming close to lect call to me and to not, minister, other) in eople have permission
(Day Care Staff)	
(Babysitter)	
(Sunday School Teacher)	
(Teacher)	
(Other)	
• I can inform (neighbor), (friend) that my partner no longer resides wi call the police if he is observed near my residence.	_(pastor), and ith me and they should

**Safety with a Protection Order.** Many batterers obey protection orders, but one can never be sure which violent partner will obey and which will violate protection orders. I recognize that I may need the police and the courts to enforce my protection order.

# The following are some steps that I can take to help the enforcement of my protection order:

A.	A. I will keep my protection order placed in (lo	cation). (Always
	keep it on or near your person. If you change purses, that's the first	
	go in.)	
В.	3. I will give my protection order to police departments in the comm	
	in those communities where I usually visit family or friends, and i	n the community
_	where I live.	
C.	There should be a registry of protection orders that all police departments of the state of the	
	confirm a protection order. I can check to make sure that my order. The telephone number for the registry of protection orders is:	is in the registry.
	The telephone number for the registry of protection orders is.	
	<del></del> ;	
I c	can call the local domestic violence program if I am not sure about A	A, B, or C above or
if I	I have any problems with my protection order.	
	will inform my employer, my minister or pastor, my closest friend,	otion and an in affact
	, and that I have a protect	tion order in effect.
If 1	f my partner destroys my protection order, I can get another copy by	going to
		·
	f my partner violates the protection order, I can call the police and re	
COI	ontact my attorney, call my advocate, and/or advise the court of the	/iolation.
If t	f the police do not help, I can contact my advocate or attorney and ca	n file a complaint
	with the chief of the police department.	ii iiie a complaint
	-	
I c	can also file a private criminal complaint with the district justice in t	he jurisdiction
wh	where the violation occurred or with the District Attorney.	
Ι'n	he number of the District Attorney's office in my area is:	·
I	can charge my battering partner with a violation of the protection or	der and the crimes
	nat he commits in violating the order. I can call the domestic violence	
	ne with this.	. a.c. ocate to neip

**Safety on the job and in public**. Each battered woman must decide if and when she will tell that her partner has battered her and that she may be at continued risk. Friends, family and co-workers can help to protect women. Each woman should carefully consider which people to invite to secure her safety.

## I might do any or all of the following:

	I can inform my boss, the security supervisor, and at work of my
•	situation.  I can ask to help screen my telephone calls at work.  When leaving work, I can take the following precautions:
•	When driving home, if problems occur, I can  If I use public transit, I can  I can use different grocery stores and shopping malls to conduct my business and shop at hours that are different than those used when residing with my battering partner.  I can use a different bank and take care of my banking at hours different from those I used when residing with my battering partner.  I can also take the following precautions:
mo usin her The But and Fur to u	fety and drug or alcohol use. Most people in this culture use alcohol. Many use sod-altering drugs. Much of this use is legal and some is not. The legal outcomes of ng illegal drugs can be very hard on a battered woman, may hurt her relationship with children and put her at a disadvantage in other legal actions with her battering partner. erefore, women should carefully consider the potential cost of the use of illegal drugs. It beyond this, the use of any alcohol or other drugs can reduce a woman's awareness of ability to think and act quickly to protect herself from her battering partner. In the thermore, the use of alcohol or other drugs by the batterer may give him/her an excuse use violence. Therefore, in the context of drug or alcohol abuse, a woman needs to ke specific safety plans.
If d	drug or alcohol use has occurred in my relationship with the battering partner, I
	n enhance my safety by some or all of the following:

**Safety and Emotional Health.** The experience of being battered and verbally degraded by a partner is usually exhausting and emotionally draining. The process of building a new life for myself takes much courage and incredible energy.

To conserve my emotional energy and resources and to avoid hard emotional times, I can do some of the following:

	unicate with my partner in person of	
I can try to use "I can	or, or	e assertive with others.
when I feel others are t	rying to control or abuse me.	
I can read	to he	lp me feel stronger.
I can call	and	as other
	and be of support to me.	
O4141-1	- 11	
Other things I can do to	o help myself feel stronger are:	
Other things I can do to	o neip myseif feel stronger are:	
Other things I can do to	o neip myseir feel stronger are:	
Other things I can do to	o neip myseir feel stronger are:	
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Other things I can do to	o neip myseif feel stronger are:	
		a violanca program or d
I can attend workshops	s and support groups at the domesti	
I can attend workshops		to gain

**Items to be taken when leaving.** When women leave partners, it is important to take certain items with them. Beyond this, women sometimes give an extra copy of papers and an extra set of keys clothing to a friend just in case they must leave quickly.

It is important to take the items noted on the list below. If there is time, some items might be taken and stored outside the home in advance. These items might best be placed in one location, so that if we have to leave in a hurry, we can grab them easily.

### When I leave, I should take with me:

Identification for myself Children's birth certificates

My own birth certificate Social Security cards

School and vaccination records Money
Checkbook, ATM (Automatic Teller Machine) card Credit cards

Keys – house/car/office Driver's license and registration
Medications for myself and my children Welfare/WIC identification

Work permits Green card

Passport(s) Divorce/custody papers

Restraining Order Bank books

Medical records – for all family members (including immunization records for school)

Lease/rental agreement, house deed, mortgage payment book

Insurance papers Address book Jewelry Small saleable objects Photographs or pictures Children's favorite toys, blankets, bottles, etc.

## Phone numbers I need to have on hand:

Police Department – home:
Police Department – school:
Police Department – work:
Battered women's program:
County registry of protective orders:
Work number:
Supervisor's home number:
Minister or pastor:
Other important numbers:

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